"Two genome-wide association studies in neural processing of faces and neurocognitive fuctions".

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Ospite: Clelia di Serio - CUSSB

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I will report on two genome wide association studies performed at the University of Oslo within the TOP study group, a major collaborative effort to study clinical characteristics, neurocognitive functioning and brain biology of psychotic disorders, with the overall goal of identifying genetic mechanisms. In these studies we identified novel loci associated with neurocognitive function and face recognition. In the first study, we invesitaged the genetic control of face recognition. There is strong evidence that humans have specialized cognitive and neurobiological mechanisms dedicated to the perception of faces with the fusiform face area. Here we used a genome-wide screen to identify single nucleotide polymorphisms (SNPs) associated with areas of increased brain activity in response to affective facial expressions measured with functional magnetic resonance imaging. In the second study, we studied several aspects of neurocognitive function which have a high heritability, but where the molecular genetic mechanisms underlying the variation in neurocognition were not known. Again, we performed a genome-wide association study to identify genes associated with neurocognitive domains. In this lecture, I will describe these studies, focusing on the statistical challenges and our solutions. I will report the biological

findings, bus as a non-expert, I will not be able to present them in full biological context.

il seminario si terra' in lingua italiana salvo presenza di ospiti stranieri nell'audience.

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